

Standards Navigator

Standards Navigator Monthly Report

15-April-2017

SoftwareCPR Standards Navigator provides information and tools related to standards that play a significant role in health software and software intensive medical devices. In addition to information on existing standards, SoftwareCPR Standards Navigator keeps you up to date on new standards activity and gives you expert insight into future changes to existing standards.

http://www.softwarecpr.com/topicsframepage.htm

Standards and regulatory activity overview

A lot of standards and regulatory activity is continuing in 2017. Here are some of the areas to watch.

- IEC 82304-1 Health Software: General requirements for safety has been published. It is intended that this standard be harmonized in the EU, but it is not clear when this may happen. Although this standard has not been harmonized in the EU, notified bodies are treating it as "state-of-the-art" and are likely to expect it to be used for software products that are regulated as medical devices.
- A first committee draft of the second edition of IEC 62304 was circulated in 2016. The second edition will expand the scope of the standard to health software. A second committee draft for comment has been circulated.
- IEC TR 80002-2 Medical device software Part 2: Validation of software for medical device quality systems will be published in 2017. This TR provides guidance for new requirements in ISO 13485:2016 for validating software used in quality systems. 80002-2 has been approved and comments have been resolved. The draft TR will now go through IEC editing and will then be published. Publication is expected by July, 2017.
- A new standard for health software covering all parts of the life cycle was started in 2016, ISO 81001-1 Health software and health IT systems safety, effectiveness and security Part 1: Foundational principles, concepts, and terms. A committee draft for comment will be circulated in 2017. The standard is planned to be published in 2020.
- AAMI is working on a multi-part standard for health software and health IT. These standards are intended for HIT products that are not regulated by the FDA but that are (or may be in the future) certified under ONC rules. Four parts have begun work:
 - AAMI HIT1000-1, Health IT software and systems Part 1: Fundamental concepts and principles
 - AAMI HIT1000-2, Health IT software and systems Part 2: Application of quality systems principles and practices
 - o AAMI HIT1000-3, Health IT software and systems Part 3: Application of risk management
 - o AAMI HIT1000-4, HIT1000-4, Health IT software and systems Part 4: Application of human factors engineering

Drafts for comment will be circulated in 2017. Publication is hoped to be in 2017 and 2018.

- A second edition of IEC 80001-1 began in 2016. The second edition will have a revised title and scope, IEC 80001-1 Safety, effectiveness and security in the implementation and use of connected medical devices or connected health software Part 1: Application of risk management. A committee draft for comment will be circulated in 2017. The expected date of publication is January, 2020.
- IEC 80001-2-9 Application of risk management for IT-networks incorporating medical devices Part 2-9: Application guidance Guidance for use of security assurance cases to demonstrate confidence in IEC TR 80001-2-2 security capabilities will be published in 2017. 80001-2-9 has been published. This TR shows how a security assurance case can be used to demonstrate confidence that 80001-2-2 security capabilities have been achieved.
- A European Standard for application of ISO 9001 by Healthcare Delivery Organizations will be published in 2017.
- ISO 14971 and ISO/TR 24971 will be revised beginning in 2017. ISO 14971 will be revised with the following plan:
 - 1) maintain the concepts of and the approach to risk management,
 - 2) clarify the normative requirements, particularly concerning the following topics:

- production and post-production information,
- clinical benefits and risk-benefit analysis,
- 3) move guidance in the informative annexes to ISO/TR 24971, Medical devices -- Guidance on the application of ISO 14971,
- 4) keep the annex with the rationale in ISO 14971, Medical devices -- Application of risk management to medical devices,
- 5) no change in scope
- 6) with a 36 month track (expected publication would be in 2019),

In addition, the the following items will be considered in the revision of ISO 14971:

- 1) include references to ISO/TR 24971 and IEC/TR 80002-1, Medical device software -- Part 1: Guidance on the application of ISO 14971 to medical device software;
- 2) Clarify the relationship with 62366-1, Medical devices -- Part 1: Application of usability engineering to medical devices,
- 3) Consider to harmonize the vocabulary with ISO 31000, Risk management -- Principles and guidelines, where appropriate,
- 4) Address data privacy and security.

ISO/TR 24971 will be revised with the following plan:

- 1) update the guidance ISO/TR 24971,
- 2) merge and update guidance from informative annexes of ISO 14971,
- 3) no change in scope,
- 4) with a 36 month track (expected publication would be in 2019)

The joint working group responsible for 14971 and 24971 met in Israel in February to begin work on the revisions.

- A second amendment to IEC 60601-1 has been started. This amendment is scheduled to be completed in 2019. Amendments will also be made to IEC 60601-1-2, IEC 60601-1-6, IEC 60601-1-8, IEC 60601-1-10 and IEC 60601-1-11. The amendments to these collateral standards are also expected to be completed in 2019. Committee drafts for comment should be circulated in 2017. A fourth edition of 60601-1 will be started following the completion of the amendment and will be scheduled for completion in 2024. Discussions about the structure of the fourth edition will likely begin in 2017 and decisions made before work is started on the fourth edition.
- Agreement to amend IEC 62366-1 has been reached. The amendment seeks to correct multiple, significant inaccuracies, while strictly limiting modifications to
 the standard to corrections. It is intended that there be no fundamental changes to the USABILITY ENGINEERING PROCESS as originally conceived in
 62366-1. Work on the amendment will start in March. The amendment is planned to be published by mid-2019.
- The EU Medical Device Regulation and IVD regulation will have been approved. The MDR will have a transition period of three years and the IVDR will have a transition period of five years.
- Work on the UL/AAMI 2800 series of standards on medical device interoperability will continue in 2017. It is unclear when drafts will be available for public review and when the first standards might be published.

- AAMI has begun work on *TIR97 Principles for medical device security Post-market security management for device manufacturers*. It is expected to be completed in 2018. This guidance is intended to assist manufacturers and other users of the standard in the following:
 - Establishing a corporate level process to manage security interactions with users and others;
 - Creating design features that enable post-market management of security risk and effective integration with HDO network security policies and technologies;
 - Understanding and communicating the security needs of manufacturers and HDOs;
 - Methods needed to observe fielded devices for newly discovered security vulnerabilities and communicate that information to both the HDO and the manufacturer;
 - Methods to assess both safety and security risk to decide when action is required;
 - The development of a coordinated vulnerability disclosure policy;
 - Recommendations on methods to manage device patching;
 - Planning for device retirement.
- AAMI has begun work on SW96, a process standard for application of security risk management to medical devices. The new standard will provide the specific
 process to support the guidelines and concepts outlined in TIR 57. The standard will supplement and work in conjunction with TIR 57 and there is no intention
 to replace AAMI TIR57:2016. The objective would be to have TIR 57 to serve in a similar fashion to ISO 24971, which provides guidance and support for
 implementation of ISO 14971. Then this standard would serve as the process upon which the TIR 57 concepts are applied.
- UL has begun developing a series of standards on security, UL 2900. The first of these will be published in 2017.
- Discussions at recent international standards meetings make it clear that medical device cybersecurity standards will be started next year. The exact form of these standards is not yet determined, but will be decided in 2017. Standards addressed to manufacturers may include development process, development risk management and post-market process. Proposals being considered (as of April 2017) include:
 - Guideline for authentication framework of the networked smart healthcare devices
 - Application of privacy management to Personal Health Information
 - Product life cycle activities for product security
- A proposal to begin work on a new standard in the area of environmental design has been approved. Work will begin on *IEC 63120 ED1 Environmental* conscious design of medical electrical equipment Particular requirements for refurbishment of medical electrical equipment and systems, for re-use of parts, for a management of critical or hazardous substances contained in medical electrical equipment and systems and for a closed loop Business-to-Business take back system with a first draft expected in early 2018 and publication planned for 2020. The rationale for this standard is that eco-design regulations require manufacturers on a global basis to decrease the environmental impact of their products. Globally many regulators have adopted ambitious Circular Economy plans, which include revised legislative proposals on waste to stimulate the transition towards a circular economy which is intended to boost competitiveness, foster sustainable economic growth and generate new jobs. By setting internationally accepted standards, manufacturers do not have to navigate through multiple national regulations when launching their products on the market.

• Many system and software engineering standards continue to be developed or revised. These standards are not used in medical device regulation, but may be useful to use as guidance to provide evidence that state of the art process and practices were used in developing a medical device.

Standards Navigator New Documents in March 2017

Medical device software

• A committee draft of *IEC 62304 Ed. 2: Health software - Software life cycle processes* has been circulated for comment. The major change for edition 2 is to expand the scope of the standard from medical device software to all health software whether or not it is considered a regulated medical device. This second committee draft incorporates changes made in responding to comments received on the first committee draft. The project team continues to struggle with how to require risk management for health software that is not considered a medical device and with how or whether to include additional requirements pertaining to cybersecurity.

The draft standard is available on the SoftwareCPR Standards Navigator web page.

Medical Devices

No new documents this month.

Health IT and mobile health applications

No new documents this month.

Medical device and Health Security

- A working draft is available for a new ISO standard. ISO 11633 Health Informatics Information security management for remote maintenance of medical devices and medical information systems Part 1: Requirements and risk analysis. This document focuses on remote maintenance services (RMS) for information systems in healthcare facilities (HCFs) as provided by vendors of medical devices or health information systems. This document consists of the following items:
 - o Security requirements for remote maintenance services
 - o An overview of use cases for RMS
 - An overview of information assets in HCFs and RMS providers
 - Risk analysis for RMS

The draft standard is available on the SoftwareCPR Standards Navigator web page.

Software Engineering and Information Technology

• A draft International Standard for ballot (DIS) of ISO/IEC/IEEE 26515 Systems and software engineering — Developing information for users in an agile environment has been circulated. This document supports the interest of information developers and associated roles responsible for producing information for users for software and systems developed within an agile environment. This document takes a process standard approach to specify the way in which information for users can be developed in agile development projects. This document provides requirements of information management and information development processes appropriate for software projects that are using agile development methods.

The draft standard is available on the SoftwareCPR Standards Navigator web page.

• A draft International Standard for ballot (DIS) of ISO/IEC/1 IEEE 42020 Enterprise, systems and software — Architecture processes has been circulated. This document establishes a set of process descriptions for the governance and management of a collection of architectures and the architecting of entities. This document also provides an enablement process that provides support to these other architecture processes.

The draft standard is available on the SoftwareCPR Standards Navigator web page.

- A committee draft for vote (CD) of ISO/IEC 42030 Enterprise, systems and software Architecture evaluation elements has been circulated. This document specifies the means by which architecture evaluations can be organized and recorded. Architecture evaluations are used to:
 - o assess the quality of architectures,
 - validate that architectures address the concerns of stakeholders, and
 - support decision making where architectures are involved.

The draft standard is available on the SoftwareCPR Standards Navigator web page.

• A committee draft for vote (CD) of ISO 25065 Systems and software engineering — Software product Quality Requirements and Evaluation (SQuaRE) — Common Industry Format (CIF) for Usability: User requirements specification has been circulated. This document defines the Common Industry Format (CIF) for specifying user requirements for the user interfaces of interactive systems. This document specifies the contents of a User Requirements Specification for the user interface and the format for stating requirements. Specification of stakeholder requirements is considered to the extent that they directly impact on user requirements. The User Requirements Specification also identifies the relationship of user requirements to other outputs of human-centred design.

The draft standard is available on the SoftwareCPR Standards Navigator web page.

- A committee draft for vote (CD) of ISO/IEC/IEEE 29148 Systems and software engineering Life cycle processes Requirements engineering has been circulated. This International Standard provides a unified treatment of the processes and products involved in engineering requirements throughout the life cycle of systems and software. It:
 - specifies the required processes that are to be implemented for the engineering of requirements for systems and software products (including services) throughout the life cycle.
 - gives guidelines for applying the requirements and requirements-related processes described in ISO/IEC/IEEE 15288:2015 and ISO/IEC/IEEE 12207:201x,
 - o specifies the required information items that are to be produced through the implementation of the requirements processes.

The draft standard is available on the SoftwareCPR Standards Navigator web page.

STANDARDS & GUIDANCE DRAFTS STILL IN REVIEW

These draft documents were issued in a previous month and are still being reviewed. They can be found on the SoftwareCPR Standards Navigator until their review period completes.

	Topic	Use / Users	Description
ISO/IEC 12207 FDIS	Software Engineering	Manufacturers	This document establishes a common framework for software life cycle processes, with well-defined terminology, that can be referenced by the software industry. It contains processes, activities, and tasks that are to be applied during the acquisition, supply, development, operation, maintenance or disposal of software systems, products, and services.
ISO/IEC/IEEE 25030 CD	Software Engineering	Manufacturers	This International Standard provides requirements and recommendations for the processes and methods of specifying and documenting system and software quality requirements.
ISO/IEC 25020 CD	Software Engineering	Manufacturers	This document provides reference model and guidance for selection and construction of system and software product quality measures, data quality measures and quality in use measures.
ISO/IEC/IEEE 21839 CD	Software Engineering	Manufacturers	This International Standard addresses systems of systems (SoS) considerations that apply to systems at key stages in the life cycle of systems.
ISO/IEC 20741	Software Engineering	Manufacturers	This document gives guidelines for the evaluation and selection of software engineering tools, covering a partial or full portion of the software engineering life cycle. It establishes processes and activities to be applied for the evaluation of software engineering tools and selecting the most appropriate software engineering tools from several candidates.

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	Topic	Use / Users	Description
ISO/IEC/IEEE 26512	Software Engineering	Manufacturers	This document supports the interest of system users in having consistent, complete, accurate, and usable information. It addresses both available approaches to standardization: a) process standards, which specify the way that information products are to be acquired and supplied; and b) information product standards, which specify the characteristics and functional requirements of the information.
ISO/IEC 26558	Software Engineering	Manufacturers	This International Standard, within the context of methods and tools for supporting explicit and/or separate variability modelling, variability model management and variability model support in software and systems product lines: • provides the terms and definitions specific to variability modelling for software and systems product line; • defines processes for variability modelling, variability model management and variability model support throughout the product line lifecycle. Those processes are described in terms of purpose, inputs, tasks and outcomes; • defines method capabilities to support the defined tasks of each process; • defines tool capabilities that automate or semi-automate tasks and methods. This International Standard does not concern processes and capabilities of tools and methods for a single system but rather deals with those for a family of products.

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	Topic	Use / Users	Description
ISO/IEC 26559	Software Engineering	Manufacturers	 This International Standard, within the context of the tools and methods of variability traceability for software and system product lines: provides the terms and definitions specific to variability traceability for software and systems product lines; defines process groups and their processes for establishing and managing variability traceability at product line lifecycle processes. Those processes are described in terms of purpose, inputs, tasks, and outcomes; defines method capabilities to support the defined tasks of each process; defines tool capabilities to automate/semi-automate tasks or defined method capabilities. This International Standard does not concern processes and capabilities of tools and methods for a single system but rather deals with those for a family of products.
ISO_26513	Software Engineering	Manufacturers	This International Standard provides the minimum requirements for testing and reviewing user documentation, including both printed and online documents used in work and other environments by the users of software which includes application software, systems software, and software that controls machinery or hardware devices. It applies to printed user manuals, online help, user assistance for mobile devices, tutorials, websites, and user reference documentation. This is a draft for vote.